

# ColourStyle 512



# User Guide – CD Contents © Mode Lighting (UK) Ltd. 2007

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le CD-based Advanced User Guide Page 1 of 37

# For basic setup see the printed manual in the box, or as a separate PDF on this CD.

# Configuring the ColourStyle for the First Time (without using the Quick Setup Assistant)

Now that you've seen how the controls work, and how to reach the configuration menu it's time to make the ColourStyle do something useful.

This is most easily achieved using the *Quick Setup Assistant* (see printed *User Guide*), however if you want to create your own custom configuration then you need to follow the following four steps:

1.	Tell the ColourStyle what fixtures are connected to it	(see page 3)
2.	Define Scenes to give the moods, levels or colours that you want	(see page 6)
3.	If required, define sequences to give movement to your scenes	
4.	Define triggers to make scenes or sequences happen	(see page 10)
enes	s may be copied to make other scenes, and a special <i>Ripple Copy</i> fu	nction

Scenes may be copied to make other scenes, and a special *Ripple Copy* function enables the rapid creation of colour-chase sequences. (See page 10)

#### **Defining Fixtures**

The first thing that we need to do is to tell the ColourStyle what fixtures are connected to it, so that it knows that to control.

From the Configuration menu select the Fixtures option:

To add a new fixture:

Select Add New Fixture

Configuration		Fixtures	
Fixtures	>∏	Fixture List	> [
Scenes	> "	Add New Fixture	>
Sequences	>		
Triggers	>		

You need to tell the ColourStyle which DMX universe the fixture is connected to, and what the DMX start address is to be.

If you wanted to edit the address of existing fixtures you would choose *Fixture List* to view and edit fixtures that have already been added to the system.

Select Add New Fixture to add new fixtures to the ColourStyle



Give the fixture a name (this would normally be something descriptive about where the fixture is located, and what it's purpose is, for example "Wall Wash Left" or "Cove Colour Centre" etc.

To edit the fixture name, make sure the *Name* option is highlighted then press *Select*. See page 20 for details of using the text editor.

When you have set the name you want press *Back* to return to the *Add New Fixture* menu, as shown above.

The type of fixture is selected from a pre-programmed library of fixtures that is built into the ColourStyle:

Scroll down to the Type option and press Select.

Add New Fixture	Fixture Type
Eutrus 2	
FIXCURE	Generic DMX Channel
Type Mode ColourTrap ≯	ColourTran
Dente [DMW Listenson 1]	RGBLED
Port [DIMA Universe 1]	

Scroll down to the fixture type that you want to use and press *Select* to tick that fixture.

Once you have selected the type of fixture that you want press *Back* to return to the *Add New Fixture* menu, as shown above.

To choose which of the DMX ports the fixture is to be added to highlight *Port* and press *Select* 



To set the *Start Channel* of the DMX fixture:

Add New Fixture	Add New Fixture
Hinalogue Diminer	
Port [Analogue Outputs] >	Port [DMX Universe 1] >
Start Channel 1	Start Channel 25
Number to Add 1	Number to Add 1

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{F}}$  Move the scroll wheel to the Start Channel option

Press the *Select* button

The start channel number itself will be highlighted.

- The Scroll Wheel to select the actual value required
- The When you have the start channel number that you want press Select

You can add multiple fixtures at the same time using the Number to Add option.

To Add Several Fixtures of This Type at Once

Scroll down to the Number to Add option, and press select.

Add New Fixture		Add New Fixture	
<u>For clouw ourse r1</u>	- 1		
Start Channel	28	Start Channel	37
Number to Add	1	Number to Add	8
Add		Add	

The number is highlighted, and you can used the scroll wheel to adjust the value. When you have the number you want press *Select* to confirm, or press *Back* to cancel.

If you add more than one fixture then they will be placed sequentially on the DMX universe.

#### Add The Fixture(s)

When you have set all of the parameters that you need, scroll down to highlight the *Add...option* and then press *Select* 

Add New Fixture		
- HOLCENING OUNCEDE T		
Start Channel	28	
Number to Add	1	i
Add		ļ

The new fixture(s) will be added to the project.

#### **Testing a DMX Fixture**

To test a DMX fixture select *Fixtures* from the *Configuration* menu:

Configuration		
Setup Assistant	>	ļ
Fixtures	>	
Scenes	>	
<u> </u>		

Select *Fixture List* to display a list of fixtures that have been defined:

Fixtures		Fixture List	
Fixture List	> []	🕂 Mode ColourTran A10	•
Add New Fixture	>	😠 Mode ColourTran A11	
		🕻 Mode ColourTran A12	
		<u><sup>K</sup> Mode ColourTran A1</u>	

Press the *Edit* soft key  $(\mathscr{I})$  to select the fixture that you want to test.

Edit Fixture		
Name Mode ColourTran A1	>	İ
Port [DMX Universe 1]	٧	
Start Channel	1	

Use the scroll wheel to highlight Test Fixture which is a the bottom of the menu



Press *Select* to show the current output levels of the DMX channels that the fixture is using.



Use the scroll wheel to change the level of the channel that is highlighted.

Use *Select* to move to the next channel.

Use the i soft-key to change the menu's title between the whole fixture name and the name of the individual channel being adjusted:



When you have finished press *Back* to return to the *Edit Fixture* menu.

See also: there is a feature on the *Test DMX Universe* screen to flash any channel, so that you can locate the fixture which is on that channel.

#### **Defining Scenes**

A scene is group of target levels for a group of channels.

A scene may contain as many or as few of the channels in the fixtures as you need. Therefore each scene does not have to define the level of every DMX channel.

From the Configuration Menu (see page **Error! Bookmark not defined.**) select the Scenes option:

To add a new scene:

Configuration		Scenes	
		Scene List	>
Casada		Create Scene	>
Scenes		Copy Scene	>
Sequences	>		
	÷		-

<sup>©</sup> Select Create Scene option

Create Sce	ene		
Name	e	>	I
E	Scene	•	
Fixtures		7	•
FadeTime	00:00:01	00	

Each scene created should have a name. See page 20 for details of using the text editor to set the text of names.

Next you need to select which fixtures are to be controlled in this scene: Select the Fixtures option from the *Create Scene* menu.

create stene	
Name Scene >	
Fixtures >	
Fade Time 00:00:01 🕫	-

Fixtures		
Mode ColourTran A1	>	۱
🖌 Mode ColourTran A10	۶	
🖌 🖌 Mode ColourTran A11	۶	
🖌 🖌 Mode ColourTran A12	۶	

Each fixture that is ticked will be controlled by this scene. Other fixtures will be unaffected when the scene is recalled.

#### **Setting Channel Levels**

Once you have selected the fixtures to be controlled, then for each fixture you need to select which channels are to be controlled by the scene, and what their target level should be (i.e. the level to which the channel will fade over the scene's fade time).

From the *Fixtures* list press *Select* to edit the fixture's levels within the scene:



Use the scroll wheel to change the level of the channel which is highlighted.

To move to the next channel press *Select*.

#### Including/Excluding Channels from the Scene

Channels within the fixture that are controlled are shown in black, channels which will not be changed by the scene are shown in a hatched pattern.

To toggle the selected channel between being included / excluded use the soft-key (in the middle).

#### Set the Scene's Fade Time

Next define the scene's fade time. The fade time is the amount of time it will take to fade from whatever the current levels are to reach the target levels.

Create Scene		
	Juene	
Fixtures	>	
Fade Time	00:00: <mark>08</mark> 👐	
Wait Time	00:00:00 00	ļ

To edit the scene's fade time:

<sup>CP</sup> Use the scroll wheel to change the value

 ${}^{\textcircled{P}}$  Use the select button to choose the value

Note: The *Wait Time* option is used when scenes are put into a sequence, and it enables a delay with no fade between consecutive scenes.

The When you have finished defining the scene select the Add... option

Create Scene			
TIACULES			
Fade Time	00:00:01	00	
Wait Time	00:00:00	00	
Add			

The scene that you have created can be recalled from the *Scenes* menu from the main menu. Alternatively it can be added to a favourite and then attached to one of the triggers.

#### **Copying Scenes**

There are five methods that can be used to copy a scene.

Copy Scene		
Duplicate	≯	Î
Copy with Uniform Value	>	
Copy Scaled	>	ļ
Copy Rippled	≯	

Copy Scene
Copy with Uniform Valu
Copy Scaled
Copy Rippled

**Fixture Ripple** 

Copy Name	Function
Duplicate	Creates a number of exact coppies of the scene
Copy with Uniform Value          Copy with Uniform Value         Value       22         Number of Copies       1         Copy       1	Creates coppies of the scene, with all channels changed to the value specified. This is particularly useful for creating an "Off" scene from an existing scene.
Copy Scaled Copy Scaled Percentage Scale 100% Number of Copies 1 Copy	Creates coppies of the scene, with all channels proportionally scaled by the value given. Useful for creating a dimmer/brighter version of a scene.
Copy Rippled	Creates a copy of the scene, but with channels shifted across by a certain number of channels. This is very useful creating sequences of colours where you have an array of fixtures of the same type.
Fixture Ripple Fixture Ripple ✓ Ripple Upwards Ripple Downards ✓ Rotate Scene	Creates a copy of the scene, but intelligently matches the function of channels within fixtures so that they can ripple one to another.

Fixture Ripple	
Shift Scene	
Number of Copies 1	I
Сору	J

#### **Define Sequences**

To define sequences select the *Sequences* menu from the *Configuration* menu.

Configuration		Sequences	
T IACULES		Sequence List	> <b> </b>
Scenes	>	Create Sequence	>
Sequences	>	Copy Sequence	>
Iriggers	>	Splice Sequence	<b>,</b>

Menu Item	Function
Sequence List	Gives a list of all the sequences that have
	already been defined
Create Sequence	Creates a new sequence by selecting
	scenes that have already been created
	and assigning cross-fade times to them.
Copy Sequence	A number of methods of duplicating a
	sequence in order to create new
	sequences
Splice Sequence	Join existing sequences together to
	create one longer sequence.

#### Creating a New Sequence

Select the *Create Sequence* option from the menu above.

Create Sequence	
Name	> ∏
Sequence	
End Action [Repeat]	> I
Repeats	0

The sequence name may be edited by selecting it, and using the text editor in the normal way.

Once the scenes that form the sequence have all taken place the sequence can automatically perform one of a number of "end actions":



End Action	Function
End	Sequence stops after all scenes have taken place
Repeat	Scenes will be recalled from first to last again
Bounce	Scenes will be recalled from first to last, then
	last to first, then first to last. The number of
	transitions through the sequence is defined by
	the number of <i>Repeats</i> .

The number of times the sequence recalls the scenes that make it up is defined by the number of *Repeats*.

Create Sequence	
Dequence	
End Action [Repeat]	>
Repeats	Ο
Sequence Script	> I

A value of 0 will cause the sequence to repeat endlessly until it is specifically stopped.

#### **The Sequence Script**

The *Scenes* that are recalled by a *Sequence* and the order in which they are recalled is defined by the *Sequence Script*.



Use the + button to add a new scene (or a sequence) to the script.



To remove a scene (or sequence) from the script highlight the step, and press the  $\mathbf{X}$  button.

#### Notes:

It is permitted to include a sequence as part of a sequence's script. However be careful not to use a sequence which will never end. Also be careful not to create an "infinite loop" where two or more nested sequences recall each other.

#### **Rear Terminals Setup**

ColourStyle has three pairs of terminals on the rear which may be independently configured to provide either a contact-closure input, or a 0-10v Analogue Output. To configure these terminals highlight *Rear Terminals Setup* on the *Configuration* menu, and press *Select*:

Configuration	
Hermork Decap	
DMX Setup	>
Rear Terminals Setup	⇒.
Sound-to-Light Setup	> <b>•</b>
<u>n:   n .</u>	

Each of the three terminals may be set as either a Contact Input or as an Analogue Output:



To change the selection, highlight the option that you need, and press *Select* to tick the new item.

#### **Testing Analogue Outputs**

If one or more of the configurable terminals are set as analogue outputs then the fixture attached may be tested. Scroll down to the bottom of the menu, and select *Test Analogue Outputs*:



When the terminals are set up as required press *Back* to return to the *Configuration* menu.

#### Notes:

When using the terminals as Analogue Outputs, the "mute" button (bottom left) which puts all DMX outputs to zero will also cause 0v outputs from the configurable terminals.

Analogue Fixtures are defined in the fixtures xml file using as follows:

#### **Define Triggers**

Triggers are used to set how the user's actions will recall scenes or sequences. There are triggers provided for power-up, the contact inputs and the IR remote, though more may be created for timed events. To define triggers select the *Triggers* option from the *Configuration Menu* (see page **Error! Bookmark not defined.** for details of the *Configuration* menu).

Configuration		Trigg	ers	
- Ocenes			Power On	Í
Sequences			Contact Input 1	
Triggers	<b>&gt;</b>		Contact Input 2	
Clock	>	_ Z¦ _,	Contact Input 3	
<u></u>				

The triggers are:

Trigger Name	Description
Power On	This action happens when the DMX Generator is first switched on.
Contact Input 1	What to do when a contact closure happens on contact input 1
	For details on setting up the rear terminals see page 13.
Contact Input 2	What to do when a contact closure happens on contact input 2
Contact Input 3	What to do when a contact closure happens on contact input 3
IR Remote Button 1	What to do when the user presses button 1 on the IR handset
IR Remote Button 2	What to do when the user presses button 2 on the IR handset
IR Remote Button 3	What to do when the user presses button 3 on the IR handset
IR Remote Button 4	What to do when the user presses button 4 on the IR handset
IR Remote Button 5	What to do when the user presses button 5 on the IR handset
IR Remote Button 6	What to do when the user presses button 6 on the IR handset
IR Remote Button 7	What to do when the user presses button 7 on the IR handset
IR Remote Button 8	What to do when the user presses button 8 on the IR handset

Each trigger can recall any favourite. To change the actions performed by a trigger:

- Tiggers menu
- The Press the soft-key next to the  $\mathscr{P}_{-}$  (edit) icon to show the *Configure Trigger* menu

Trig	ggers	Configure Trigger	
	Power On	✓ Trigger Enabled	
	Contact Input 1	Actions	>
	Contact Input 2		
K4	Contact Input 3		

Use the scroll wheel to highlight *Trigger Enabled* and press *Select* to toggle the tick on and off.

Use the scroll wheel to highlight *Actions* and press *Select*. A menu of favourites is shown.

Favourite as Action	
🖌 None	ĺ
Chartreuse	
Orange Red	
Royal Blue	

Use the scroll wheel to select the favourite which you require, and then press *Select* to tick it.

You may select any number or combination of favourites to trigger.

When you have finished selecting favourites press *Back* to return to the *Configuration* menu.

#### **Clock Setup**

The clock setup menu is access from the *Configure* menu. From here the current date and time may be set.



In order for the ColourStyle to be able to calculate the sunrise/sunset times it needs to know it's position on Earth, using longitude and latitude.

If you do not know the longitude and latitude of your site, then you may use the postcode-lookup facility (UK only).

Clock	
Postcode (First part only)≯ SG9	
Sunrise/Sunset 05:12:57/18:46:18	

For reference, the resulting sunrise/sunset time for today is shown at the bottom of the menu. Timed events that use the real-time-clock or the sunrise/sunset calculation are configured using the *Timed Events* menu (see below).

#### **Timed Events**

ColourStyle may be configured to perform the actions of a "favourite" at a specific time or at sunrise/sunset (with an offset, if required). Timed events may be set to occur only on specific days of the week.

The *Timed Events* menu is access from the *Configuration* menu.



To add a new timed event press the + button. The *Edit Timed Event* menu appears.

Firstly, give the event a name. This is done using the text editor in the normal way.

Edit Timed Ev	/ent
Name	
GREEN	
Time Type [Sun	rise] 🔰
Time +	03:00:00

Set the type of event, either triggering at a specific GMT time, or using the built-in astronomical clock to trigger at a time determined by sunrise or sunset.



If you selected sunrise or sunset then the time becomes a + or - offset time for the event.

Events can be programmed to happen either at the same time on specific days of the week, or on a specific date in a specific month (e.g. New Year's Day). This is achieved using the *Date Type* option.



With the *Days of Week* option selected in *Date Type* you can specify which days of the week are to be used

Edit Ti	ned Event	
Time	+ 03:00:00	
Date Ty	pe [Days of week] >	-
Date	SMTWTFS	
Action [	Green] >	

Days shown with a CAPITAL letter will be included, whereas the trigger will not happen on days shown with a lower-case letter.

Edit Timed Event		
OKEEN		
Time Type [GMT]	≯	
Time <b>15</b> :00:0	20	
Date Type [Day/Month]	≯	•

Once you have configured the settings for your new timed event the ColourStyle will ask you to confirm the changes made.



#### Notes:

The outputs of timed events will not override the setting of the "Mute" button (bottom left) if it has been selected.

#### **The Text Editor**

The text editor enables items to be named using a mixture of upper and lower case alphanumeric characters, special accented characters and symbols.

Use the joystick to move the highlighted bar between characters, and the *Select* button to add the character that is currently highlighted to the text string shown in the title bar.

The soft-keys give access to additional character-sets and editing options:

Use  $\mathbb{Q}$  and  $\mathbb{T}$  to change between upper and lower case.

Use é to select foreign characters.

Use I to change between insert and overwrite modes.

The  $\leq$  symbol gives a backspace function.



#### **Network Operation**

The ColourStyle has two built-in network features for use on a TCP/IP network:

1. Built-in web server

The ColourStyle serves a web page that gives access to all the favourites, scenes and sequences that have been created, as well as providing diagnostic feedback on the current DMX outputs.

Enter the IP address of the ColourStyle into your web browser. (By default the ColourStyle uses port 80 for the web page, which is also the default for web browsers, but this can be configured if you need to use port-forwarding to control several units that are on the same network through a router).

ColourSty	vle Web Access
Favourites	C None
Scenes	
Sequences	
DMX Monitor	O Green
	C Red
	O Short Rainbow Ripple
	O White
	~ white
Apply Changes	
• Mode Lighting 2006 -	www.modelighting.com

Use the buttons on the left of the browser window to select between *Favourites*, *Secnes*, *Sequences* or the *DMX Monitor* diagnostic view.

ColourSty	le Web Access
Favourites	Aquamarine
Scenes	Delack
Sequences	
DMX Monitor	Chartreuse
	Crimson
	L Cyan
	L Deep Sky Blue
	C Green-Yellow
	Lawn Green
Apply Changes	
	C Yellow
	1.6.14

vourites	Arc Linet Rinnle		
•ounces			
es			
nces			
Monitor			
	Hot Colours Solid		
	Long Bainbow Ripple		
	Long Rainbow Solid		
	Pastel Chase Ripple		
	Pastel Chase Solid		
	SequenceG		
	SequenceR		
	Short Rainbow Ripple		
	🗹 Short Rainbow Solid		
	🗆 Warm Colours Ripple		
	🗖 Warm Colours Solid		
pply Changes			

Select the scene or sequence that you wish to recall, and click Apply Changes

Diagnostic output is shown in real time, and displays both the channel level and the RGB colour mix effect produced:



2.

#### **Telnet Commands**

The ColourStyle has a built-in library of commands accessed by telnet.

🛃 C:\WINNT\system	32\telnet.exe	
Kaleidoscope [V 2006 Mode Light	ersion 1.00] .ing	
>For more help HELP command-na	on a specific command, type me	
delete dir enumerate format help press read quit scroll set setdmxchannel write scene	Deletes a specified file. Lists the files stored within the file system. Enumerates a list of the system properties. Erases the file system, deleting all files. Gets the value of a specified system property. Provides Help information for console commands. Simulates user button presses. Sends a file to the client. Closes console connection. Simulates user scroll wheel activity. Sets the value of a specified system property. Sets a DMX channel to a specified value. Creates/Overwrites a file, with the specified data. Recalls the scene with the specified name.	
		-

The following is a list of telnet commands, items shown in **bold** are most frequently used.

delete	Deletes a specified file.
dir	Lists the files stored within the file system.
enumerate	Enumerates a list of the system properties.
format	Erases the file system, deleting all files.
get	Gets the value of a specified system property.
help	Provides Help information for console commands.
press	Simulates user button presses.
trigger	Simulates a trigger event.
read	Sends a file to the client.
quit	Closes console connection.
scroll	Simulates user scroll wheel activity.
set	Sets the value of a specified system property.
setdmxchanne	I Sets a DMX channel to a specified value.
write	Creates/Overwrites a file, with the specified data.
scene	Recalls the scene with the specified name
sequence	Recalls the sequence specified
favourite	Recalls the favourite specified
allstop	Cancels any sequence/scene/favourite
rescan	Force the device to rescan the file system and discover uploaded files.
clear	Clears the current lighting setup leaving the config files untouched.
home	Returns the main user interface to the Home Screen.
popup	Pops up a progress bar screen to the user.
track	Update the tracking status of the popup progress bar.
isidle : Returns	Yes if device is at home screen, No otherwise.

#### Using Telnet to Control Master Speed/Brightness

Master speed and brightness are system properties that can be modified and read using the "set" and "get" commands, e.g.:

set MasterBrightness 100

set MasterSpeed 250

The port used for telnet can be configured using Network Setup. By default it is the standard port 23.

#### **DMX** Configuration

ColourStyle enables detailed configuration of every aspect of the DMX packet transmission and timing.

From the Configuration menu highlight DMX Setup and press Select



Each parameter of the DMX packet transmission may be configured from the menu options given:

DMX Configuration		
Channels	512	İ
Packet Frequency	30Hz	
Break Time	100µs	╹
MaB Time	10µs	

Sets the number of channels transmited

DMX Configurati	on	
Channels	512	
Packet Frequency	30Hz	
Break Time	100µs	
MaB Time	10µs	┛
<del></del>		

DMX Configuration		
HackeerinedgeneA	20112	
Break Time	100µs	
MaB Time	10µs	
Interframe Time	5µs	

DMX Configurati	ion	
Break Time	100µs	
MaB Time	10µs	
Interframe Time	5µs	
Start Code	0	

Sets the timing of the start of the DMX packet

Sets the Mark-after-break time

Sets the delay between each set of (upto) 512 channels being transmitted

DMX Configuration	
Channels	512
Packet Frequency	30Hz
Break Time	100µs 🎙
MaB Time	10µs

transmitted every second

DMX Configurati	ion	
Break Time	100µs	
MaB Time	10µs	
Interframe Time	5µs	
Start Code	0	L

Sets the number of sets of (upto) 512 channels

Sets the DMX start code. This should not be changed, and must always be 0 on DMX projects where RDM is being used.

#### **Testing the DMX Output**

ColourStyle gives you immediate access to test the DMX output. From the *DMX Configuration* menu scroll down to *Test DMX Universe A* or *Test DMX Universe B* and press *Select* 

<b>DMX</b> Configuration		
	эрз	
Start Code	0	
Test DMX Universe A	>	Î
Test DMX Universe B	>	Į

The **i** soft-key changes the information displayed in the title bar to show either the channel name, or the name of the DMX fixture, belonging to the channel that's currently selected.

Pressing Select always moves you to the next channel.

The scroll wheel is either used to change the level of the channel which is currently selected, or to move forwards or backwards between channels.

The  $\overset{\texttt{H}}{\longrightarrow}$  soft-key is used to make the scroll wheel move between channels.

The soft-key is used to make the scroll wheel change a channel's level



When changing the channel's level the speed of the scroll wheel can be adjusted:

The soft-key is used to make coarse adjustments to the channel's level

The soft-key is used to make fine single-step adjustments to a level.



#### **Network Configuration**

The ColourStyle can be assigned an IP address from a DHCP server, or it can be set to use a fixed IP address.

From the configuration menu select Network Setup

Configuration	
CIOCK	
Timed Events	
Network Setup	>[
DMX Setup	>

#### Using a DHCP Server

If the IP addresses of devices on your network are assigned automatically by a DHCP server (which may be your router or a server computer) then select DHCP from the *Network Setup* menu.

Network Setup		
🖌 DHCP	≯	İ
Fixed IP	٧	
🛩 Enable Web Server		ļ

Ensure that *Use DHCP* option is ticked:

DHCP	
🗸 Use DHCP	Ī
Host Name 💡 , 🔊	Ţ
colourstyle *	
Current Local IP	

You may set the hostname, by scrolling down to the *HostName* option and pressing *Select*. A text editor is shown

The IP address allocated to the ColourStyle by the DHCP server is shown below, along with the subnet mask and the default gateway.

DHCP		DHCP
colourstyle '		192.168.2.38
Current Local IP 192.168.2.183	ļ	Current Subnet Mask 255 , 255 , 255 , 0
Current Subnet Mask		Current Default Gateway

#### Using a Fixed IP Address

To use a fixed IP address select *Fixed IP* from the *Network Setup* menu and press *Select* 



In the *Fixed IP* menu highlight *Use Fixed IP* and use the *Select* button to tick the option.

Fixed IP	
Use Fixed IP	İ
Local IP	
192.168.2.2	•
Subnet Mask	

To set the IP address, use the scroll wheel to highlight Local IP

Press *Select* to select the IP address for editing. The scroll wheel changes the number shown. Use *Select* to confirm, and move onto the next number.

Fixed IP	Fixed IP	Fixed IP	Fixed IP
🖌 Use Fixed IP	🖌 Use Fixed IP	🖌 Use Fixed IP	🖌 Use Fixed IP
Local IP	Local IP	Local IP	Local IP
<b>192</b> .168.2.170	192. <mark>168</mark> .2.170	192.168.2.170 🖲	192.168.2. <mark>170</mark> •
Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask

#### Language and Display Setup

To choose an alternative language choose Language from the Configuration Menu

Configuration		
Soana co Eigne Secap		
Display Setup	>	
Language	>	
Clear Lighting Setup	>	ļ

Use the scroll wheel to select the language required:

Language	Langu	age	Language	<u>•</u>
Deutsch	🖌 🖌 Engl	ish (UK)	Englishi Dartash	,00,
Español	Eng	ish (US)	Deutscr	<u> </u>
Français	Deur	tsch	Espanol	
Italiano	Esp.	añol	Français	•
Language				
Deutsch				
Español				
Francais				

When you have highlighted the language required press Select to tick it



Italiano

Press Back to return to the configuration menu, in the new language selected.

#### Setting the Display Backlight Colour

The ColourStyle has an RGB backlight, that illuminates when a control has been operated. After 20 seconds it is extinguished. You may select the backlight colour as follows:

From the Configuration Menu highlight Display Setup and press Select



Press *Select* to reveal a list of backlight colour options. Use the scroll wheel to highlight the colour you want, and then press *Select* 

Press *Back* twice to return to the *Configuration* menu.

#### The About Menu

The *About* menu is near the bottom of the *Configuration* menu:

About	
Firmware Version 1.00	Ī
Firmware Build Date Aug 30 2007 - 10:38:44	
About	
Device MAC Address	
00.1c.30.01.00.01	

This menu shows the firmware version installed in your ColourStyle, along with the device's unique MAC address. It also gives quick access to seeing the ColourStyle's current IP address.

#### **Firmware Update**

To update the firmware in the unit:

The Remove the front fascia.

The Make sure that the ColourStyle is connected to either a network with a computer running the Firmware Server software.



Press and hold *Select* and *Mute* (the top and bottom buttons on the left hand side)



<sup>CP</sup> Whilst holding the above, press and release the concealed *Reset* button.



The ColourStyle will request a firmware update from the server, and install its' new firmware automatically, which takes about 45 seconds.

When the firmware update is complete the ColourStyle will restart automatically. Your configuration will be preserved.

#### **Utility Software**

#### **Connecting Directly, Without a Network**

If you are connecting your computer directly to the ColourStyle, and you are therefore not running on a network that has a DHCP server already then the utilities can provide a DHCP server for you.

If you already have a DHCP server on your network (this service is usually provided by the broadband router) then the DMX Generator will request and receive an IP address automatically. The IP address of the DMX Generator can be determined either using the *Network Settings* menu, or by looking at the *About* menu:



If you already have an IP address then there is no need to run the DHCP server from within the utilities.

(A DHCP server is a computer or device on a network that allocates unique IP addresses to devices/clients on the network)

To enable the DHCP server in any of the utilities tick the *Serve DHCP* box, and select the network card from which you wish to serve, by using the drop-down menu. (It is possible to have multiple network cards on a single computer, for example one cabled and one wireless).

Serve DHCP on network card with IP :	192.168.2.52 🛛 👻	
✓ Allocate custom IP address to ColourStyle :	192.168.2.158	

#### Modifying the DMX Fixture Library

To upload a replacement fixture definition library, use the *Fixture Upload Utility*. Fixture definitions are given in XML format:

In order for the Quick Setup Assistant to create coloured scenes and sequences the fixtures, and the channels in the fixture, may be given special types, as shown below.

<b>Fixture Class</b>	Meaning
Colour	This fixture has a single RGB, or RGBW /
	RGBD colour system
MultiColour	This fixture has several independent colour-
	mixing outputs
Dimmer	The fixture is a single channel of generic control
MultiDimmer	The fixture is a multi-channel dimmer

Channel Type	Meaning
Brightness	Overall brightness control for the fixture.
	"Master" channels should use this type.
RedBrightness	
GreenBrightness	Brightness levels for individual channels within
BlueBrightness	the fixture, used for colour mixing
WhiteBrightness	
DeviceSpecific	Any miscellaneous function for the channel, e.g.
-	position, gobo, focus etc.

<Fixture Name="Generic RGBD" Manufacturer="Generic" Class="Colour"> <Channels>

<Channel Name="Red" ChannelType="RedBrightness" />

<Channel Name="Green" ChannelType="GreenBrightness" />

<Channel Name="Blue" ChannelType="BlueBrightness" />

<Channel Name="Brightness" ChannelType="Brightness" />

</Channels> </Fixture>

😽 Fixtur	re Upload Utility 1.0.0.2			
	Fixture Up	load Util	ity	
Fixture Library	C:\tixtures.xml			Browse
Serve DHCP	on network card with IP :	192,168,2,52	~	
Allocate cus	tom IP address to ColourStyle :	192.168.2.158		
Target Host	192.168.2.22			
	Upload			

Browse for the location of the XML file, enter the IP address of the target ColourStyle, and click *Upload*... to transfer the file.

#### **Complete Configuration Backup / Restore**

The configuration data from the ColourStyle, which includes al fixtures, scenes, sequences, favourites, triggers and names can be extracted using the following utility.

All, or part of the configuration can also be restored.

ti 🛛	Backup Utility 1.0.0.18	×
	Backup Utility	
Backup File	Browse	
Serve DH	CP on network card with IP :	
Allocate c	ustom IP address to ColourStyle : 192.168.2.158	
Target Host		
O Backup Restore	configuration	
🔘 Full Res	ore (including reformatting device)	
<ul> <li>Lighting</li> </ul>	Setup Restore (including erasing of current lighting setup)	
🔘 Overwri	e Restore (no Format/ClearLightingSetup, use at your own risk)	
🗹 Res	ore System Configuration	
🗹 Res	ore Triggers	
🗹 Res	ore Timed Events	
🗹 Res	ore Fixtures/Scenes/Sequences/Favourites	
Abort if	device is not idle (HomeScreen)	
Trigger I	PowerOn Favourite after upload	
	Do It !	

This utility can be used for copying data from one ColourStyle to another.

It can also be used for remote updates if you have the ColourStyle connected to a router with port-forwarding of the telnet port set up appropriately.

#### **Glossary of Terms**

Channel	A DMX or analogue output
Universe	A group of 512 DMX channels, or the group of three analogue channels on the rear of the product. The DMX generator has 2 DMX universes.
Fixture	A pre-defined DMX device containing channels
Scene	A target state for one or more channels which will fade to the new values over a preset time $(1/10^{\text{th}} \text{ sec to } 99 \text{ hours})$ . More than one scene may be active simultaneously.
Sequence	A number of scenes, recalled automatically over time. More than one sequence may be running simultaneously.
Favourite	A scene or sequence with a master brightness and master speed setting that can be recalled by a trigger, or from the <i>Favourites</i> menu.
Ripple	An advanced method of copying a scene in order to make creation of patterned sequences easy
Triggers	An input to the system that recalls a scene or sequence. Triggers include user-mode buttons, the real-time-clock and the three configurable-inputs on the rear of the product.
Telnet	A standard text-based method of communication with network-enabled devices, a little bit like RS232, but over Ethernet to send commands or to get data
Locale	The country in which you are using the DMX Generator, which includes the language into which all text will be translated
Logo	The pre-programmed 128x64 pixel black&white image displayed at start-up. This may be set using PC software
IP Address	The network address of the product, e.g. 192.168.2.38
DHCP	The DHCP server is a computer on the network that assigns IP addresses to other computers or networked devices.

# ColourStyle512 User Guide. Tutorials